## **Amendment to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

1. (original) A controlled release coating for an implantable medical device comprising:

a terpolymer-bipolymer blend having a total solubility parameter ( $\delta_T$ ) approximately equal to a bioactive agent's solubility parameter ( $\delta$ ) and wherein  $\delta_T$  and  $\delta$  is between 15  $J^{1/2}$ /cm<sup>3/2</sup> to 25  $J^{1/2}$ /cm<sup>3/2</sup>.

- 2. (original) The controlled release coating according to claim 1 wherein said coating has a glass transition point (Tg) between approximately -20°C and 50°C.
- 3. (original) The controlled release coating according to claim 1 wherein said terpolymer comprises relative weight percent concentrations of monomer subunits consisting essentially of vinyl acetate (VAc), alkyl methacrylate (AMA) and n-vinyl pyrrolidone (NVP) and said bipolymer comprises relative weight percent concentrations of monomer subunits consisting essentially of VAc and AMA.
- 4. (original) The controlled release coating according to claim 3 wherein said relative weight percent concentrations of said monomer subunits in said terpolymer comprises from 7-30% (VAc), 40-75% (AMA) and 19-30% (NVP).
- 5. (original) The controlled release coating according to claim 3 wherein said relative weight percent concentrations of said monomer subunits in said bipolymer comprises from 5-70% VAc and from 30-95% AMA
- 6. (original) The controlled release coating according to claim 3 wherein said alkyl methacrylate is selected from the group consisting of methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, pentyl, and hexyl.
- 7. (currently amended) The controlled release coating according to anyone of claims 1 though through 6 wherein said  $\delta_T$  is approximately 15 to 21 and said polymer blend comprises from 40% to 80% bipolymer and from 20% to 60% terpolymer.

- 8. (original) The controlled release coating according to anyone of claims 1-6 wherein said bipolymer has a lower Tg than said terpolymer.
- 9. (original) The controlled release coating according to claim 1 wherein said bioactive agent is selected from the group consisting of anti-proliferatives including, but not limited to, macrolide antibiotics including FKBP 12 binding compounds, estrogens, chaperone inhibitors, protease inhibitors, protein-tyrosine kinase inhibitors, peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor gamma ligands (PPAR $\gamma$ ), hypothemycin, nitric oxide, bisphosphonates, epidermal growth factor inhibitors, antibodies, antibiotics, proteasome inhibitors anti-sense nucleotides and transforming nucleic acids.
- 10. (original) The controlled release coating according to claim 9 wherein said antiproliferative is a FKBP 12 binding compound.
- 11. (original) The controlled release coating according to claim 10 wherein said FKBP 12 binding compound is a macrolide antibiotic.
- 12. (original) The controlled release coating according to claim 11 wherein said macrolide antibiotic is A-19 or A-20.
  - 13. (original) A vascular stent comprising:
- a structure comprising a material, said material having a coating thereon comprised of a hydrophobic polymer;
- a bioactive agent-containing terpolymer-bipolymer blend over said hydrophobic polymer wherein the difference between the solubility parameters of said terpolymer-bipolymer blend and said bioactive agent is no greater than 10  $J^{1/2}/cm^{3/2}$  and the total solubility parameter  $(\delta_T)$  of said bioactive agent-containing terpolymer-bipolymer blend is no greater than 25  $J^{1/2}/cm^{3/2}$ .
- 14. (original) The vascular stent according to claim 13 wherein said hydrophobic polymer is parylene or a parylene derivative.

- 15. (original) The vascular stent according to claim 13 wherein said terpolymer comprises relative weight percent concentrations of monomer subunits consisting essentially of vinyl acetate (VAc), alkyl methacrylate (AMA) and n-vinyl pyrrolidone (NVP) and said bipolymer comprises relative weight percent concentrations of monomer subunits consisting essentially of VAc and AMA.
- 16. (original) The vascular stent according to claim 15 wherein said relative weight percent concentrations of said monomer subunits in said terpolymer comprises from 7-30% (VAc), 40-75% (AMA) and 19-30% (NVP).
- 17. (original) The vascular stent according to claim 13 wherein said relative weight percent concentrations of said monomer subunits in said bipolymer comprises from 5-70% VAc and from 30-95% AMA
- 18. (currently amended) The <u>vascular stent</u> controlled release coating according to claim 15 wherein said alkyl methacrylate is selected from the group consisting of methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, pentyl, and hexyl.
- 19. (currently amended) The <u>vascular stent</u> controlled release coating according to anyone of claims 13 though through 18 wherein said δT is approximately 15 to 21 and said polymer blend comprises from 40% to 80% bipolymer and from 20% to 60% terpolymer.
- 20. (currently amended) The <u>vascular stent</u> controlled release coating according to anyone of claims 13-18 wherein said bipolymer has a lower Tg than said terpolymer.
- 21. (currently amended) The <u>vascular stent</u> controlled release coating according to claim 13 wherein said bioactive agent is selected from the group consisting of anti-proliferatives including, but not limited to, macrolide antibiotics including FKBP 12 binding compounds, estrogens, chaperone inhibitors, protease inhibitors, protein-tyrosine kinase inhibitors, peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor gamma ligands (PPARγ), hypothemycin,

nitric oxide, bisphosphonates, epidermal growth factor inhibitors, antibodies, antibiotics,

proteasome inhibitors anti-sense nucleotides and transforming nucleic acids.

22. (currently amended) The <u>vascular stent</u> controlled release coating

according to claim 21 wherein said antiproliferative is a FKBP 12 binding compound.

23. (currently amended) The <u>vascular stent</u> controlled release coating

according to claim 22 wherein said FKBP 12 binding compound is a macrolide antibiotic.

24 (currently amended) The vascular stent controlled release coating

according to claim 23 wherein said macrolide antibiotic is A-19 or A-20.